



EMETALS
— LIMITED —

ABN 71 142 411 390

Annual Financial Report
For the year ended 30 June 2022

CONTENTS**PAGE**

CORPORATE INFORMATION.....	3
DIRECTORS' REPORT	4
AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION.....	16
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	17
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	18
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	19
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	20
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.....	21
DIRECTORS' DECLARATION	42
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	43
ADDITIONAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION.....	47

CORPORATE INFORMATION

ABN 71 141 411 390

Directors	Mathew Walker	<i>Executive Director</i>
	Gary Lyons	<i>Non-executive Chairman</i>
	Teck Wong	<i>Non-executive Director</i>
Company secretary	Sonu Cheema	
Registered office	Suite 9, 330 Churchill Avenue	
	Subiaco WA 6008	
	Telephone:	(08) 6489 1600
	Fax:	(08) 6489 1601
Principal place of business	Suite 9, 330 Churchill Avenue Subiaco WA 6008	
Share register	Automic Registry Services	
	Level 5, 191 St Georges Terrace	
	Perth WA 6000	
	Telephone: 1300 288 664	
Solicitors	Steinepreis Paganin	
	Lawyers and Consultants	
	Level 4, Next Building	
	16 Milligan Street	
	Perth WA 6000	
Bankers	National Australia Bank	
	Level 1, 1238 Hay Street	
	West Perth WA 6005	
Auditors	HLB Mann Judd (WA Partnership)	
	Level 4, 130 Stirling Street	
	Perth WA 6000	
Website	https://www.emetalslimited.com.au/	

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors of eMetals Limited (ASX: EMT) (Company or eMetals) submit herewith the annual report of the Company and the entities it controlled during the period ("the Group") for the year ended 30 June 2022. In order to comply with the provisions of the Corporations Act 2001, the Directors report as follows:

Directors

The names of directors who held office during or since the end of the year and until the date of this report are as follows. Directors were in office for this entire period unless otherwise stated.

Mathew Walker	Executive Director
Gary Lyons	Non-executive Chairman
Teck Wong	Non-executive Director

Names, experience and special responsibilities

Mr Mathew Walker

Executive Director

Mr Walker has extensive experience in public company management and in the provision of corporate advice. Specialising in the natural resources sector, Mr Walker has served as Executive Chairman or Managing Director for public companies with mineral interests in North America, South America, Africa, Eastern Europe, Australia and Asia. He is also Chairman of corporate advisory firm Cicero Advisory Services Pty Ltd.

During the last three years, Mr Walker has served as a director of the following listed companies:

Frugl Group Limited (appointed 9 July 2018)

Blaze Minerals Limited (appointed 1 August 2020)

Mr Gary Lyons

Non-executive Chairman

Mr Lyons is a successful and well-respected Perth based businessman being a shareholder and the Managing Director of the Heiniger Groups Australasian operations for the last 30 years.

During the last three years, Mr Lyons has served as a director of the following listed companies:

GWR Group Limited (appointed 2 June 2010)

Tungsten Mining Limited (appointed 16 July 2014)

Western Gold Resources Limited (appointed 22 March 2021)

Mr Teck Wong

Non-executive Director

Mr Wong has considerable international business experience having worked in Hong Kong, the United Kingdom and now in Malaysia and Indonesia after graduating with a Bachelor of Business degree from Swinburne University (Melbourne). Mr Wong is involved with mining industry in China, Indonesia and Malaysia. He was previously involved in sales & exports of steel related products and was a director of a retail chain business in the United Kingdom. Mr Wong was working in the OEM plastic manufacturing industry in Hong Kong prior to taking up a position in the steel industry in Malaysia.

During the last three years, Mr Wong has served as a director of the following ASX listed companies:

GWR Group Limited (Alternate director appointed 27 July 2011)

Tungsten Mining Limited (appointed 8 February 2016)

Western Gold Resources Limited (appointed 22 March 2021)

Mr Sonu Cheema**Company Secretary**

Sonu Cheema is an accountant and company secretary who has worked for mineral exploration companies with interests in Australia and abroad.

Interests in the shares and options of the Company and related bodies corporate

The following relevant interests in shares and options of the Group or a related body corporate were held by the directors as at the date of this report:

Directors	Number of options over ordinary shares	Net increase in shares held	Number of fully paid ordinary shares
Mathew Walker ³	35,000,000	55,000,000	75,000,000
Gary Lyons ²	10,000,000	-	6,164,114
Teck Wong ¹	10,000,000	-	21,433,300
Totals	55,000,000	55,000,000	102,597,414

¹ 16,433,300 Shares held in the name of Bluebay Investments Group Corporation, an entity controlled by Teck Wong

² Shares and options are held in the name of Lyons Superannuation Fund.

³ Shares are held in the name of Great Southern Flour Mills Pty Ltd and Cicero International Pte Ltd, an entity controlled by Mathew Walker. Options are held in the name of Great Southern Flour Mills Pty Ltd, an entity controlled by Mathew Walker

There were no ordinary shares issued by the Group during or since the end of the financial year as a result of the exercise of options.

During the year, there were no issues of options, and no options were issued subsequent to the balance date and up to the date of this report. There were no alterations to the terms and conditions of options granted since their grant date.

Dividends

No dividends have been paid or declared since the start of the financial year and the directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend in respect of the financial year.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Group during the financial year was mineral exploration within Australia.

Financial position

The cash balance at the end of the 30 June 2022 is \$4,515,336. The Group continues to review and appraise new commercial opportunities both within and outside the mining sector and will advise the market of any developments in this regard if and when they eventuate.

Review of Operations

The Directors of eMetals Limited are pleased to submit the Review of Operations for the year ended 30 June 2022. The Company continues to progress its exploration across its major projects during and subsequent to the year ended 30 June 2022. The Company has consolidated its tenement base through the acquisition existing and application for new tenements throughout the year to capitalise on its exploration potential.

HIGHLIGHTS

- Acquisition of Salmon Gums Minerals Pty Ltd (ACN 651 315 258) (**Salmon Gums**) and its shareholders (**Salmon Gum Shareholders**) to acquire 100% of the issued capital in Salmon Gums. Salmon Gums holds two highly prospective tenement applications in the Albany Fraser Range Province of Western Australia (**ELA2126** and **ELA2127**) (**Project**).
- The Project covers an area of 163 blocks for a total of 469 square kilometers of the Eucla Basin prospective for Ionic Adsorption Clay (**IAC**) style rare earth element (**REE**) mineralisation.
- The Project is in close proximity to the Company's wholly owned Cowlinya REE Project which is adjacent to the Mount Ridley REE Project of Mount Ridley Mines Ltd (**MRD**).
- The Company has completed a strategic review of its project portfolio and will focus on the Salmon Gums Rare Earths Project.
- EMT is in the final stages of finalising a proposed exploration work program which is expected to commence within the June 2022 quarter.
- Completed capital raising of 350,000,000 Shares at \$0.0125 together with a free attaching option to raise \$4,375,000 before costs (**Placement**).



SALMON GUMS

Salmon Gums holds two exploration license applications known as E63/2126 and E63/2127 (**Applications**) in the south of Western Australia situated respectively 82 kilometers east and 18 kilometers northeast of the small town of Salmon Gums (Figure 1).

The Applications cover areas underlain by meta-granites of Archaean to Proterozoic age. These granitic rocks are situated within the Albany – Fraser Orogen on the south and southeastern margins of the Yilgarn Craton.

Outcrop of the meta-granites within the Applications is rare with most of the tenement overlain by Cainozoic sediments, aeolian sands and salt lakes. Whilst there are no known occurrences of mineralization in either area very little prospecting or exploration has been historically conducted.

From a study of the open file reports available on WAMEX^(A106697, A97441), the previous exploration which has been conducted has predominantly been for gold and to a lesser extent for uranium and base metals. In the period 2006 to 2008 Toro Energy Ltd completed 10 air-core drillholes within E63/2127 and assayed the resulting spoil for iron, copper, gold, nickel, lead, zinc, and uranium in a search for uranium mineralization. In the period 2011 to 2012 AngloGold Ashanti (Australia) Ltd completed fence lines of auger drillholes across E63/2127 in a search for gold. Results from this small amount of exploration activity for a variety of commodities were inconclusive and it is notable that no exploration for rare earth element mineralization (REE) over the tenement area had been conducted.

Mount Ridley Mines Ltd (ASX: MRD) (MRD) has recently discovered REE mineralisation approximately 35 kilometers southeast of E63/2127 and at a similar distance southwest of E63/2126. This mineralisation is situated in a clay horizon in similar lithologies to the Mount Ridley occurrence and derived from granitoid rocks. The mineralisation appears to average approximately 0.1% TREEO with even higher levels recorded up to approximately 1% TREEO (*refer announcement ASX:MRD, 13 September 2021, Rare Earth Element Targets Extended*). The MRD REE mineralisation occurs over a strike length of approximately 25 kilometers oriented in a northeast direction and appears to be similar to the clay-hosted REE mineralisation currently mined in China. Additionally, Salazar Gold Pty Ltd has recently discovered significant REE mineralisation approximately 20 kilometers southeast of E63/2126. Whilst the nature of this mineralisation remains unknown it is considered significant that REE occurrences are located in close proximity to the Applications.

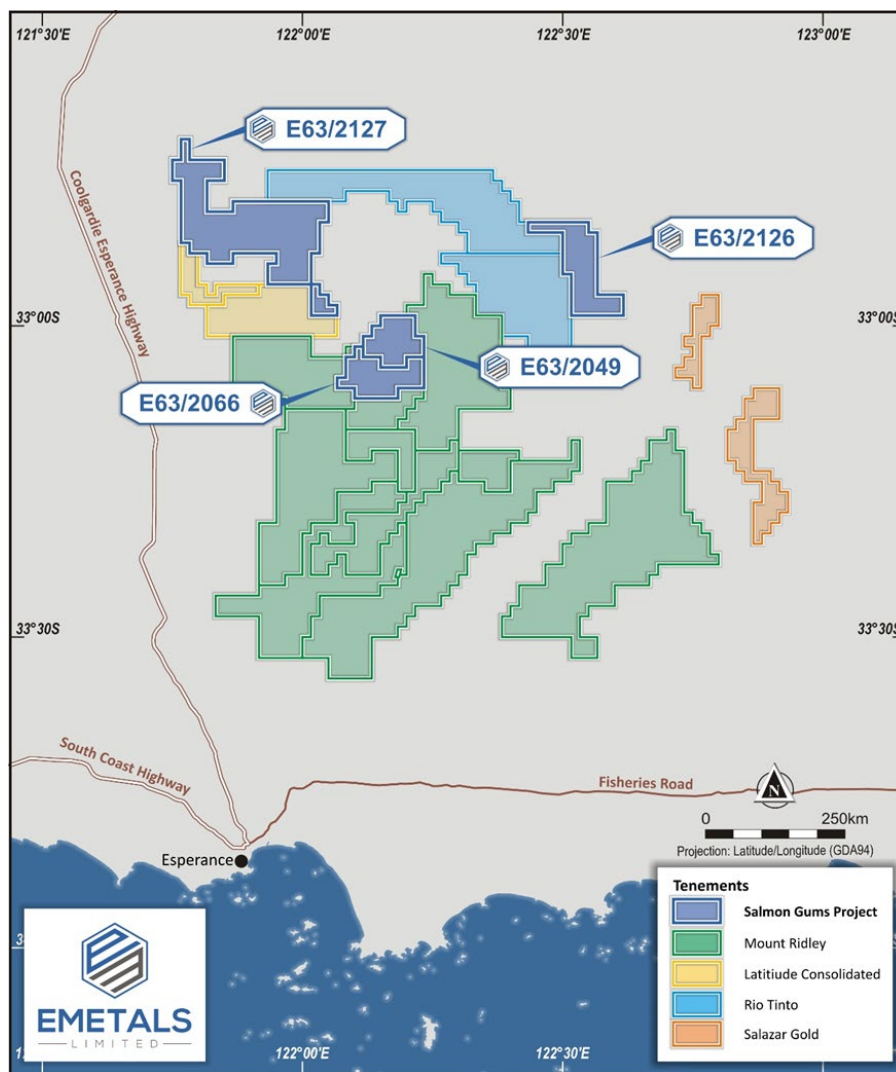


Figure 1 Salmon Gums Minerals Pty Ltd – Project Location

Whilst the Applications have no known REE mineralisation, they have only been explored previously for gold and to a lesser extent base metals and uranium. It is not surprising that there has been no previous exploration for REE in this region as there is practically no outcrop mitigating against prospectors discovering any sort of mineralisation. Additionally, this 'China' style of REE occurrences nearby require a specific soil sampling and drilling target program which has never been carried out on the Salmon Gums ground.

The proximity of other known REE mineralisation would suggest that the Project area is also prospective for this type of mineralisation. This clay-hosted REE mineralisation discovered by MRD nearby may extend onto or be duplicated within the targeted tenements and further investigations on the Salmon Gums ground is warranted.

ACQUISITION TERMS

EMT completed the acquisition in January 2022 following shareholder approval received at the extraordinary general meeting (**EGM**) held on 6 January 2022. As announced on 21 November 2021, the binding HOA with Salmon Gums and the Salmon Gum Shareholders was to acquire 100% of the issued capital in Salmon Gums from the Salmon Gums Shareholders. Salmon Gums holds two highly prospective tenement applications, **ELA2126** and **ELA2127**, in the Albany Fraser Range Province of Western Australia (**Acquisition**) (**Agreement**).

In consideration for the Acquisition, and subject to the terms and conditions of the Agreement, eMetals agreed to issue 15,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares in the capital of eMetals (**Shares**) at a deemed issue price of \$0.02 per Share (**Consideration Shares**) to the Salmon Gums Shareholders (or their nominees).

TWIN HILLS

The Twin Hills Project consists of three granted exploration licenses (E29/950, E29/1163, E29/1164) located approximately 30 kilometers northeast of Menzies and 150 kilometers north of Kalgoorlie in the Eastern Goldfields of Western Australia. The tenement covers an area of approximately 50 square kilometers and extends over about 10 kilometers of strike of the greenstone sequence that hosts the excised historical Twin Hills gold mine. The tenement covers the north and south extension of the shear zone which is the interpreted host of mineralisation at Twin Hills. Tenements E29/1163 and E29/1164 were granted on 1 July 2022 and the company is currently conducting a desk top review of historical WAMEX data.

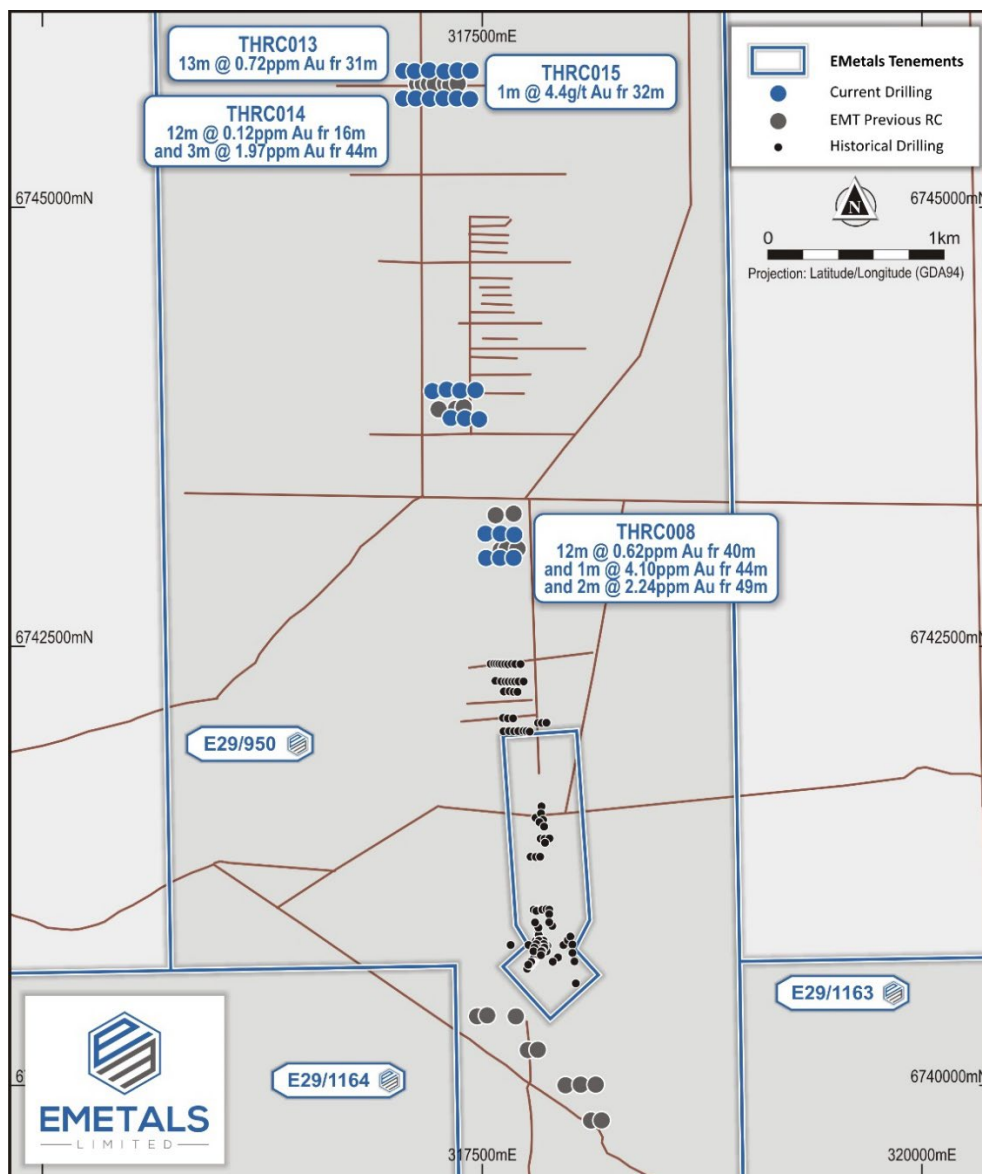


Figure 2 Twin Hills Drill Program

NARDOO RARE METALS PROJECT

The Nardoo Rare Metals Project consists of seven granted tenements (E09/2358, E09/2302, E09/2114, E09/2156, E09/2464, E09/2463 and E09/2472) and is prospective for a range of strategic metal and REE mineralisation styles including tungsten and REE bearing skarns.

The Company completed 29 RC holes for 1,987m of drilling, testing the Nardoo tungsten skarns and the Beryl Well Pegmatites in June quarter 2021.

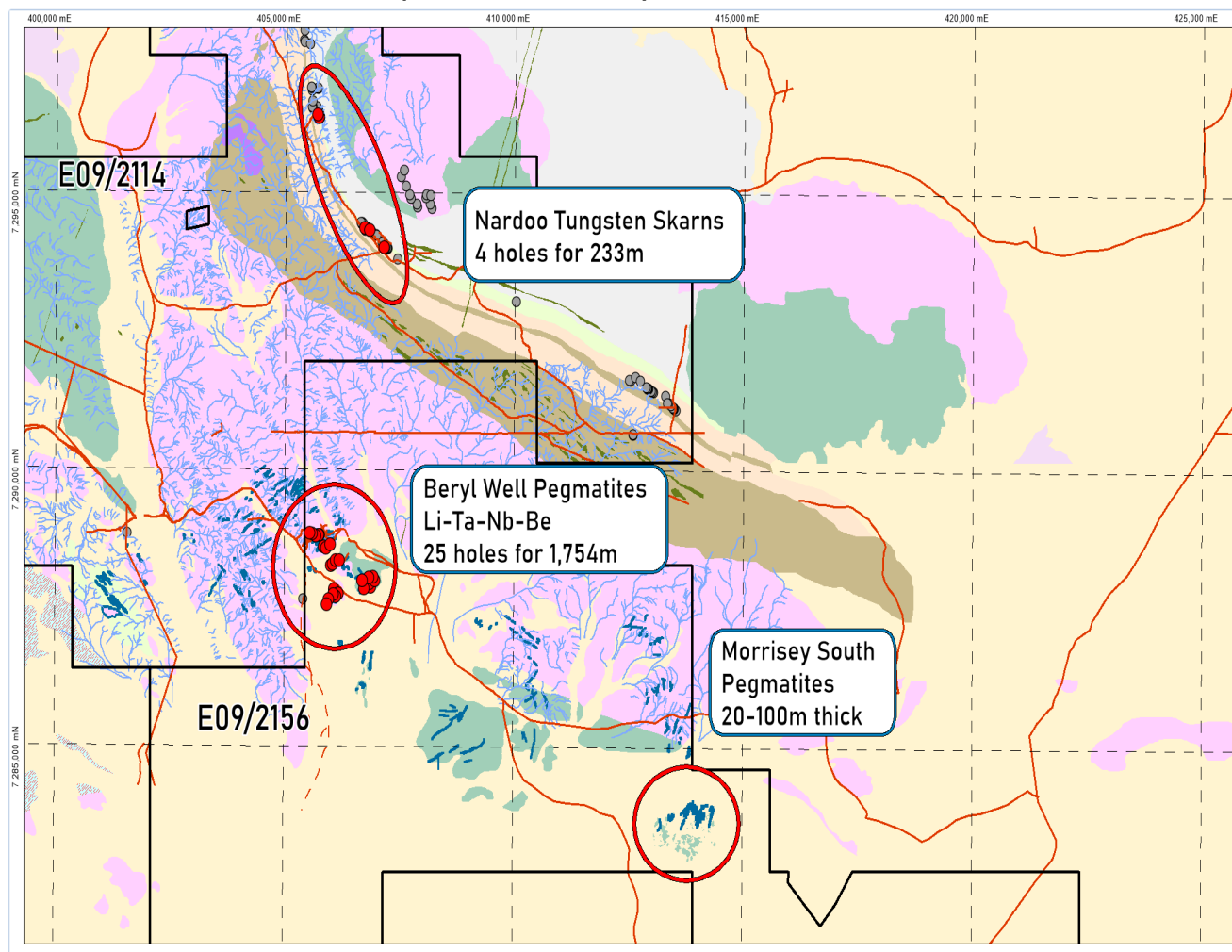


Figure 3 Exploration work - Nardoo Rare Metals Project

The Nardoo Tungsten Skarns were drilled with 5 RC holes for 233m completed. Results were disappointing as assays have returned thin, low-grade mineralization as detailed below.

- NWRC001 1m @ 0.18% WO₃ from 14m
- NWRC002 NSR
- NWRC003 NSR
- NWRC004 4m @ 0.16% WO₃ from 5m
- NWRC005 NSR

Mineralisation is hosted within skarnified calc-silicate sediment. The skarn appears to be very poddy, with scheelite mineralization associated with late quartz veins. Lack of continuity in the drilling shows little potential of discovery of a significant body of mineralization.

Drilling of the Beryl Well pegmatites showed thick, tabular pegmatites of many hundreds of metres in strike and with good dip continuity. However, results were disappointing, with no anomalous lithium, tantalum or niobium returned from the Beryl Well pegmatites. REE results were lower than the enclosing granites, which downgrades these pegmatites for REE mineralisation.

The source of the coarse tantalite and beryl is unknown and lack of mineralization is disappointing despite the recovery of sizeable specimens by company personnel. Lack of widespread mineralization in the drilling suggests that the pegmatites are not pervasively mineralized, and might contain very localized segregations, pods or vughs of economic minerals. The prospect has therefore been downgraded and the Company is reviewing the Cairn Hill REE prospect in light of this data.

The Company conducted further exploration and assessment on the project in June 2022 to which work programs are being finalised for September and December quarter 2022.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

10

POONA PROJECT

Scorpion Minerals Limited announced that it had entered into a binding Heads of Agreement ("the agreement") with eMetals Limited (ASX: EMT) ("eMetals" or "EMT") to acquire a 100% interest in tenements E 20/896, E 20/963, E 20/964 and a 90% interest in E 20/885 (collectively the "tenements") which cover a combined 904km² in the Murchison Goldfield of Western Australia. Under the agreement, SCN acquires its interest in the tenements for a cash consideration of \$12,500 and 4,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares in SCN. EMT will also receive a 0.5% net smelter return (NSR) royalty in respect of minerals mined from the Tenements should commercial mining be undertaken (Refer ASX Release by Scorpion Minerals Limited dated 6 December 2021 and 7 February 2022).

CORPORATE

CATEGORY	ASX CODE	NUMBER
Issued Ordinary Shares	EMT	850,000,000
Options (\$0.05 – 31 Dec 2022)	Unlisted Options	35,000,000
Options (\$0.03 – 30 September 2025)	EMTO	410,000,000

Tenement	Status	Project	Interest (%)	Current Area	Grant Date	Application Date	Expiry Date
E09/2114	LIVE	NARDOO WELL	100	25	28/08/2015	8/08/2014	27/08/2025
E09/2156	LIVE	YINNETHARRA	100	35	6/02/2017	23/10/2015	5/02/2027
E09/2302	LIVE	PYRAMID HILL	100	34	13/03/2019	6/03/2018	12/03/2024
E09/2358	LIVE	NARDOO WEST	100	35	18/05/2020	31/07/2019	17/05/2025
E09/2463	LIVE	LYONS	100	28	6/07/2021	21/10/2020	5/07/2026
E09/2464	LIVE	LYNDON	100	69	8/07/2021	21/10/2020	7/07/2026
E09/2472	LIVE	LYONS	100	40	29/07/2021	18/11/2020	28/07/2026
E20/0976	LIVE	MEKA	100	19	2/08/2021	26/10/2020	1/08/2026
E29/0950	LIVE	TWIN HILLS	100	10	23/09/2015	26/02/2015	22/09/2025
E29/1163	LIVE	TWIN HILLS	100	7	1/07/2022	21/10/2021	30/06/2027
E29/1164	LIVE	TWIN HILLS	100	5	1/07/2022	21/10/2021	30/06/2027
E63/2049	LIVE	SALMON GUMS	100	26	21/09/2020	6/07/2020	20/09/2025
E63/2066	LIVE	SALMON GUMS	100	31	10/12/2020	26/10/2020	9/12/2025
E63/2126	LIVE	SALMON GUMS	100	41	15/03/2022	24/06/2021	14/03/2027
E63/2127	LIVE	SALMON GUMS	100	121	15/03/2022	24/06/2021	14/03/2027
E70/5654	LIVE	KENT	100	9	23/12/2020	5/11/2020	22/12/2025

Forward looking statements

This announcement contains forward-looking statements which are identified by words such as 'may', 'could', 'believes', 'estimates', 'targets', 'expects', or 'intends' and other similar words that involve risks and uncertainties. These statements are based on an assessment of present economic and operating conditions, and on a number of assumptions regarding future events and actions that, as at the date of this announcement, are expected to take place. Such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other important factors, many of which are beyond the control of the Company, the directors and our management. We cannot and do not give any assurance that the results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus will actually occur and investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. We have no intention to update or revise forward-looking statements, or to publish prospective financial information in the future, regardless of whether new information, future events or any other factors affect the information contained in this announcement, except where required by law. These forward looking statements are subject to various risk factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the results expressed or anticipated in these statements.

Competent Persons Statement

The information in this announcement that relates to Exploration Results is based on and fairly represents information and supporting documentation prepared by Mr Simon Coxhell. Mr Coxhell is a consultant geologist for eMetals and a member of the Australian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Coxhell has sufficient experience relevant to the styles of mineralisation and types of deposits which are covered in this announcement and to the activity which they are undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves' ("JORC Code"). Mr Coxhell consents to the inclusion in this announcement of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Significant events since the end of the period

There has been no matter or circumstance that has arisen after balance date that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial periods.

Operating results for the year

The comprehensive loss of the Group for the financial year, after providing for income tax amounted to \$1,925,704 (2021: \$909,186).

Review of financial conditions

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had \$4,515,336 in cash assets.

Risk management

Details of the Company's Risk Management policies are contained within the Corporate Governance Statement.

Corporate Governance

Details of the Company's Corporate Governance policies are contained within the Corporate Governance Statement.

Likely developments and expected results

Disclosure of information regarding likely developments in the operations of the Company in future financial years and the expected results of those operations is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Company. Therefore, this information has not been presented in this report.

Environmental legislation

The Company was not subject to any significant environmental and monitoring requirements during the year.

Indemnification and insurance of Directors and Officers

The Company has agreed to indemnify all the directors of the Company for any liabilities to another person (other than the Company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as directors of the Company, except where the liability arises out of conduct involving a lack of good faith.

During the financial year the Company paid a premium in respect of a contract insuring the directors and officers of the Company against any liability incurred in the course of their duties to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium.

Remuneration Report (Audited)

This report outlines the remuneration arrangements in place for directors and senior management of eMetals Limited (the "Group") for the financial period ended 30 June 2022.

Key Management Personnel ("KMP")

The KMP of the Group during or since the end of the financial year were as follows:

Directors

Gary Lyons	Non-Executive Chairman
Mathew Walker	Executive Director
Teck Wong	Non-Executive Director

Remuneration philosophy

The remuneration policy of eMetals Limited has been designed to align Director's objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component which is assessed on an annual basis in line with market rates. The Board of eMetals Limited believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best directors to run and manage the Company, as well as create aligned goals between directors and shareholders.

Non-executive director remuneration

The Board seeks to set aggregate remuneration at a level that provides the Company with the ability to attract and retain directors of the highest calibre, whilst incurring a cost that is acceptable to shareholders. The Company's constitution states that an aggregate remuneration of \$250,000 per period can be paid to the non-executive directors. The amount of aggregate remuneration sought to be approved by shareholders and the manner in which it is apportioned amongst Directors is reviewed annually.

The Board considers advice from external advisors as well as the fees paid to non-executive directors of comparable companies when undertaking the annual review process. Each director receives a fee for being a director of the Company. The current fee for non-executive directors are between \$40,000 per annum and \$60,000 per annum. No remuneration consultants were used during the year.

Executive director remuneration

Remuneration consists of fixed remuneration and Company options (as determined from time to time). In addition to the Group employees and directors, the Company has contracted key consultants on a contractual basis. These contracts stipulate the remuneration to be paid to the consultants.

Fixed Remuneration

Fixed remuneration is reviewed annually by the Independent Directors Committee. The process consists of a review of relevant comparative remuneration in the market and internally and, where appropriate, external advice on policies and practices. The Committee has access to external, independent advice where necessary.

The fixed remuneration component of the Key Management Personnel is detailed in Table 1.

No advice was sought from remuneration consultants during the year for any key management personnel.

Employment Contracts

On 1 September 2012, the Group entered into an executive consulting services agreement with Mr Walker (Executive Consulting Services Agreement) effective as from 1 September 2012. Under the Executive Consulting Services Agreement, Mr Walker is engaged to provide services to the Group in the capacity of Executive Director, based in Perth, Western Australia. Mr Walker is to be paid a monthly remuneration of \$6,667 plus GST. Mr Walker will also be reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred in carrying out his duties. The Executive Consulting Services agreement can be terminated by one month's written notice from the Company, while Mr Walker can terminate by providing three months written notice.

Options

There was no Options granted by the Company as remuneration during the year ended 30 June 2022 (2021: 30,000,000).

Performance-based Remuneration

There was no performance-based bonus awarded as remuneration during the year ended 30 June 2022 (2021: \$80,000).

Remuneration of key management personnel

Table 1: Directors' and key executive's remuneration for the year ended 30 June 2022									
		Short-term employee benefits			Post-employment benefits	Equity	Total	Performance Related %	Option Related %
		Salary & Fees	Bonuses	Non-Monetary Benefits	Super-annuation	Options Granted			
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Directors									
Gary Lyons	2022	48,000	-	-	4,440	-	52,440	-	-
Mathew Walker	2022	80,000	-	-	-	-	80,000	-	-
Teck Wong	2022	36,000	-	-	-	-	36,000	-	-
Total	2022	164,000	-	-	4,440	-	168,440	-	-

As at 30 June 2022 an amount of \$nil was owing to directors for unpaid fees (2021: \$nil).

Remuneration of key management personnel

Table 1: Directors' and key executive's remuneration for the year ended 30 June 2021									
		Short-term employee benefits			Post-employment benefits	Equity	Total	Performance Related %	Option Related %
		Salary & Fees	Bonuses	Non-Monetary Benefits	Super-annuation	Options Granted			
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Directors									
Gary Lyons	2021	48,000	-	-	4,440	80,235	132,675	60%	60%
Mathew Walker	2021	80,000	80,000	-	-	116,070	276,070	71%	42%
Teck Wong	2021	36,000	-	-	-	80,235	116,235	69%	69%
Total	2021	164,000	80,000	-	4,440	276,540	524,980	-	-

Option holdings of Directors and Executives

Director	Balance at 1 July	Received as Remuneration	Options Purchased	Options Lapsed	Balance at 30 June
Gary Lyons	10,000,000	-	-	-	10,000,000
Mathew Walker	10,000,000	-	25,000,000	-	35,000,000
Teck Wong	10,000,000	-	-	-	10,000,000
Total	30,000,000	-	25,000,000	-	55,000,000

Shareholdings of Directors and Executives

Director	Balance at 1 July	Received as Remuneration	Acquired	On Exercise of Options	Balance at 30 June
Gary Lyons	6,164,114	-	-	-	6,164,114
Mathew Walker	20,000,000	-	55,000,000	-	75,000,000
Teck Wong	21,433,300	-	-	-	21,433,300
Total	47,597,414	-	55,000,000	-	102,597,414

Other related party transactions

The Company has an agreement with Cicero Group Pty Ltd (CGC), a company related to Mr Walker, for corporate administration services including financial reporting, company secretarial services, rent and administrative operations. The charges for these services is \$6,000 per month (exc. GST). Charges are at commercial terms in accordance with the agreement entered into on 1 September 2012.

End of Remuneration Report

Directors' Meetings

The number of meetings of directors (including meetings of committees of directors) held during the period and the number of meetings attended by each director were as follows:

Directors	Directors Meetings		Audit Committee meetings	
	Eligible to attend	Attended	Eligible to attend	Attended
Gary Lyons	2	2	-	-
Mathew Walker	2	2	-	-
Teck Wong	2	2	-	-

In addition, there were 2 circular resolutions signed by the board. During the year, various due diligence meetings were conducted for potential project assessment and review.

Proceedings on behalf of the Company

There are no proceedings on behalf of the Company.

Auditor Independence and Non-Audit Services

Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 requires our auditors, HLB Mann Judd, to provide the directors of the Company with an Independence Declaration in relation to the audit of the annual report. This Independence Declaration is set out on the following page and forms part of this directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Non-Audit Services

Details of amounts paid or payable to the auditor for non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor are outlined in Note 17 to the financial statements. The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The Directors are of the opinion that the services do not compromise the auditor's independence as all non-audit services have been reviewed to ensure that they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor and none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in Code of Conduct APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* issued by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Mr Gary Lyons

Non-Executive Chairman

Perth, Western Australia; Dated this 16th day of September 2022

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

eMetals Limited ("the Company") and the Board of Directors are committed to achieving the highest standards of corporate governance. The Board continues to review the framework and practices to ensure they meet the interests of shareholders. The Company and its controlled entities together are referred to as the Group in this statement.

A description of the Group's main corporate governance practices is set out on the Company's website <https://www.emetalslimited.com.au/corporate-governance>. All these practices, unless otherwise stated, were in place for the entire year and comply with the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations and are contained in the accompanying Appendix 4G for the year ended 30 June 2022.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

As lead auditor for the audit of the consolidated financial report of eMetals Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- a) the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Perth, Western Australia
16 September 2022



N G Neill
Partner

hlb.com.au

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**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022**

	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
Continuing operations			
Other income	2	21,343	16,331
Government grant and subsidies		-	21,963
Fair value gain on financial assets	18	12,000	207,375
Administration expenses	2	(351,101)	(277,890)
Director fees and Executive fees		(168,440)	(248,440)
Exploration expenses		(556,353)	(291,279)
Share based payment expense	7	(196,624)	(278,069)
Impairment of deferred exploration and evaluation expenditure	10	(673,526)	(59,177)
Loss on sale of financial assets		(13,003)	-
Loss before income tax expense		(1,925,704)	(909,186)
Income tax expense	3	-	-
Loss after tax from continuing operations		(1,925,704)	(909,186)
Net loss for the year		(1,925,704)	(909,186)
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax			
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(1,925,704)	(909,186)
Basic loss per share (cents per share)	4	(0.30)	(0.22)

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 30 JUNE 2022**

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	4,515,336	686,415
Trade and other receivables	9	58,206	73,623
Financial assets	18	284,000	296,250
Total Current Assets		<u>4,857,542</u>	<u>1,056,288</u>
Non-Current Assets			
Deferred exploration expenditure	10	2,218,236	2,798,092
Total Non-Current Assets		<u>2,218,236</u>	<u>2,798,092</u>
Total Assets		<u>7,075,778</u>	<u>3,854,380</u>
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	11	34,292	133,814
Total Current Liabilities		<u>34,292</u>	<u>133,814</u>
Total Liabilities		<u>34,292</u>	<u>133,814</u>
Net Assets		<u>7,041,486</u>	<u>3,720,566</u>
Equity			
Issued capital	5	20,036,905	14,837,155
Reserves	6	1,219,787	1,172,913
Accumulated losses		(14,215,206)	(12,289,502)
Total Equity		<u>7,041,486</u>	<u>3,720,566</u>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Consolidated	Issued Capital	Accumulated Losses	Share Based Payments Reserve	Total Equity
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2020	14,245,155	(11,380,316)	796,644	3,661,483
Loss for the year	-	(909,186)	-	(909,186)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(909,186)	-	(909,186)
Shares issued during the year	592,000	-	-	592,000
Options issued during the year	-	-	374,740	374,740
Performance shares issued during the year	-	-	1,529	1,529
Balance at 30 June 2021	14,837,155	(12,289,502)	1,172,913	3,720,566

Consolidated	Issued Capital	Accumulated Losses	Share Based Payments Reserve	Total Equity
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2021	14,837,155	(12,289,502)	1,172,913	3,720,566
Loss for the year	-	(1,925,704)	-	(1,925,704)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	(1,925,704)	-	(1,925,704)
Shares issued during the year	5,645,000	-	-	5,645,000
Performance shares issued during the year	-	-	46,874	46,874
Issue costs	(445,250)	-	-	(445,250)
Balance at 30 June 2022	20,036,905	(14,215,206)	1,219,787	7,041,486

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
		Inflows/(Outflows)	
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers		16,500	7,928
Payments to suppliers and employees		(827,183)	(786,510)
Government grants		-	21,963
Interest received		2,027	8,403
Net cash used in operating activities	8	(808,656)	(748,216)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of financial assets		283,247	-
Proceeds from sale of tenements		12,500	-
Payments for exploration and evaluation		(378,170)	(1,591,819)
Net cash used in investing activities		(82,423)	(1,591,819)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of shares		4,875,000	-
Payment for share issue costs		(155,000)	-
Net cash provided by financing activities		4,720,000	-
Net increase / (decrease) in cash held		3,828,921	(2,340,035)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8	686,415	3,026,450
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	4,515,336	686,415

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) **Basis of Preparation**

The financial report is a general-purpose consolidated financial report, which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001, Accounting Standards and Interpretations and complies with other requirements of the law. The financial statements comprise the consolidated financial statements of the Group. For the purposes of preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Company is a for-profit entity registered in Australia and operating in Australia. For the purposes of preparing the annual financial report, the period has been treated as a discrete reporting period. The accounting policies below have been consistently applied to all of the years presented unless otherwise stated.

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and do not take into account changing money values or, except where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial report is presented in Australian dollars.

(b) **Adoption of new and revised standards** **Changes in accounting policies on initial application of Accounting Standards**

Standards and Interpretations applicable to 30 June 2022:

In the year ended 30 June 2022, the Directors have reviewed all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are relevant to the Company's operations and effective for the year reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2021.

As a result of this review, the Directors have determined that there is no material impact of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations on the Company and therefore no material change is necessary to Group accounting policies.

Standards and Interpretations in issue not yet effective:

The Directors have also reviewed all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued but not yet effective that are relevant to the Company and effective for the annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 July 2022.

As a result of this review, the Directors have determined that there is no material impact of the new and revised standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective on the Company and therefore no material change is necessary to Group accounting policies.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Statement of compliance

The financial report was authorised for issue on 16 September 2022.

The financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards, which include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes thereto, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

(d) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement in with the investee; and
- has the ability to its power to affect its returns.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements listed above.

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights in an investee, it has the power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Company's voting rights are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Company, other vote holders or other parties; rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholder meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**(e) Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The application of accounting policies requires the use of judgements, estimates and assumptions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if it affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Exploration and evaluation costs carried forward

In accordance with accounting policy Note 1(q) management determines when an area of interest should be abandoned. When a decision is made that an area of interest is not commercially viable, all costs that have been capitalised in respect of that area of interest are written off. In determining this, various assumptions including the maintenance of title, ongoing expenditure and prospectively are made.

Share-based payment transactions:

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions by reference to the fair value of the services provided. Where the services provided cannot be reliability estimated fair value is measure by reference to the fair value of by the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value of the options issued was determined by using a Black and Scholes model and the performance rights fair value was determined using a Trinomial Barrier option pricing model.

(f) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that control has passed of the goods or services provided and it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Interest income

Interest revenue is recognised on a time proportionate basis that takes into account the effective yield on the financial asset.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash at bank and in hand. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(h) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are measured on initial recognition at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any allowance for impairment. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within periods ranging from 15 days to 30 days.

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Financial Assets

Recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Subsequent measurement of financial assets

The fair values of financial assets are determined by reference to active market transactions or using a valuation technique where no active market exists, with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

AASB 9's impairment requirements use more forward-looking information to recognise expected credit losses – the 'expected credit loss (ECL) model'.

Measurement of the expected credit losses is determined by a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of the financial instrument.

(j) Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

(i) Financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
- the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; or
- the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either:
 - (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration received that the Company could be required to repay. When continuing involvement takes the form of a written and/or purchased option (including a cash-settled option or similar provision) on the transferred asset, the extent of the Company's continuing involvement is the amount of the transferred asset that the Company may repurchase, except that in the case of a written put option (including a cash-settled option or similar provision) on an asset measured at fair value, the extent of the Company's continuing involvement is limited to the lower of the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

(ii) Financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance date.

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at the balance date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences except:

- when the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; or
- when the taxable temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates or interests in joint ventures, and the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred income tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; or
- when the deductible temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates or interests in joint ventures, in which case a deferred tax asset is only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Unrecognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each balance date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance date.

Income taxes relating to items recognised directly in equity are recognised in equity and not in profit or loss. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Other taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority, are classified as operating cash flows. Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

(j) Impairment of assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets and the asset's value in use cannot be estimated to be close to its fair value. In such cases the asset is tested for impairment as part of the cash-generating unit to which it belongs. When the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset or cash-generating unit is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Impairment losses relating to continuing operations are recognised in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset unless the asset is carried at revalued amount (in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease).

An assessment is also made at each balance date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase. After such a reversal the depreciation charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022**NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)****(k) Trade and other payables**

Trade payables and other payables are carried at amortised costs and represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Company becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services.

(l) Share-based payment transactions

The Company provides benefits to employees (including senior executives) of the Company in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services in exchange for shares or rights over shares (equity-settled transactions).

The cost of these equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. In valuing equity-settled transactions, no account is taken of any performance conditions, other than conditions linked to the price of the shares of eMetals Limited (market conditions) if applicable.

The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each balance date until vesting date reflects (i) the extent to which the vesting period has expired and (ii) the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. No adjustment is made for the likelihood of market performance conditions being met as the effect of these conditions is included in the determination of fair value at grant date. The statement of comprehensive income charge or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period. No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is only conditional upon a market condition. If the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment arrangement, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee, as measured at the date of modification.

If an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new award are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

(m) Issued capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(n) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated as net profit or loss attributable to members of the parent, adjusted to exclude any costs of servicing equity (other than dividends) and preference share dividends, divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

Diluted earnings per share are calculated as net profit or loss attributable to members of the parent, adjusted for:

- costs of servicing equity (other than dividends) and preference share dividends;
- the after-tax effect of dividends and interest associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares that have been recognised as expenses; and
- other non-discretionary changes in revenues or expenses during the period that would result from the dilution of potential ordinary shares; divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and dilutive potential ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

(o) Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors of eMetals Limited.

(p) Going concern

The financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

The Directors have reviewed the business outlook, cash flow forecasts and immediate capital requirements and are of the opinion that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate as the Directors believe the Group will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Exploration and evaluation

Exploration and evaluation expenditures in relation to each separate area of interest are recognised as an exploration and evaluation asset in the year in which they are incurred where the following conditions are satisfied:

- the rights to tenure of the area of interest are current; and
- at least one of the following conditions is also met:
 - the exploration and evaluation expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploration of the area of interest, or alternatively, by its sale; or
 - exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not at the balance date reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.

Exploration and evaluation assets are initially measured at cost and include acquisition of rights to explore, studies, exploratory drilling, trenching and sampling and associated activities and an allocation of depreciation and amortised of assets used in exploration and evaluation activities. General and administrative costs are only included in the measurement of exploration and evaluation costs where they are related directly to operational activities in a particular area of interest.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of an exploration and evaluation asset may exceed its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of the exploration and evaluation asset (for the cash generating unit(s) to which it has been allocated being no larger than the relevant area of interest) is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in previous years. Where a decision has been made to proceed with development in respect of a particular area of interest, the relevant exploration and evaluation asset is tested for impairment and the balance is then reclassified to development.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

30

NOTE 2: REVENUES AND EXPENSES

	2022 \$	2021 \$
(a) Other income		
Interest income	2,027	8,403
Other income	19,316	7,928
	21,343	16,331
(b) Administration expenses		
Marketing and investor relations expenses	24,000	64,382
Legal	68,183	30,493
Corporate fees	76,500	72,000
Accounting and audit	38,375	37,641
ASX and registry fees	97,503	42,429
Other administration expenses	46,540	30,945
	351,101	277,890

NOTE 3: INCOME TAX

Current tax expense

	2022 \$	2021 \$
(a) Income tax benefit		
	-	-
(b) Numerical reconciliation between tax-expense and pre-tax net loss		
Loss from ordinary activities	(1,925,704)	(909,186)
	(1,925,704)	(909,186)
Income tax using the company's domestic tax rate of 25% (2021: 26%)	(481,426)	(236,388)
Share based payments	49,156	72,298
Other non-deductible expenses/(deductible tax adjustments)	146,609	(453,874)
Tax losses not brought to account as a deferred tax asset	285,661	617,964
Income tax benefit/(expense) attributable to entity	-	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

31

NOTE 3: INCOME TAX (continued)

(c) Tax losses

The deferred tax asset on the unused cumulative 2022 tax losses of \$10,948,433 (2021: \$8,032,665) has not been recognised as a deferred tax asset as the future recovery of these losses is subject to the Group satisfying the requirements imposed by the regulatory authorities. The benefit of deferred tax assets not brought to account will only be brought to account if:

- Future assessable income is derived of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit to be realised.
- The conditions for deductibility imposed by tax legislation continue to be complied with and no changes in tax legislation adversely effect of the Group in realising the benefit.

(d) Unrecognised temporary differences

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Net deferred tax assets calculated at 25% (2021: 26%) have not been recognised in respect of the following items:		
Capital raising costs recognised directly in equity	-	70,752
Provisions and accruals	-	27,190
Income tax losses not brought to account	2,634,023	2,088,493
Other	-	25,675
Unrecognised deferred tax assets relating to the above temporary differences	2,634,023	2,212,110

NOTE 4: LOSS PER SHARE

	2022 Cents per share	2021 Cents per share
<i>Basic loss per share</i>		
Continuing operations	(0.30)	(0.22)
	\$	\$
Loss for the year	(1,925,704)	(909,186)
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic loss per share:	631,547,945	416,120,000

There are no potential ordinary shares that are considered dilutive, as a result no dilutive earnings per share has been disclosed.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

32

NOTE 5: ISSUED CAPITAL

<i>Movements in ordinary shares on issue</i>	2022 \$	2021 \$	2022 No.	2021 No.
At 1 July	14,837,155	14,245,155	425,000,000	410,200,000
Movements during the period:				
Shares issued as part of placement	4,875,000	-	390,000,000	-
Shares issued for acquisition of Salmon Gums (Note 19)	330,000	-	15,000,000	-
Shares issued for lead manager fees	440,000	592,000	20,000,000	14,800,000
Share issue costs	(445,250)	-	-	-
At 30 June	20,036,905	14,837,155	850,000,000	425,000,000

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote. Ordinary shares have no par value and the Company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

NOTE 6: RESERVES

Share based payments reserve

This reserve is used to record the value of equity benefits provided to consultant, employees and directors as part of their remuneration.

	2022 \$	2021 \$
<i>Share based payments reserve</i>		
At 1 July	1,172,913	796,644
Options issued	-	374,740
Performance rights vested during the year	46,874	1,529
At 30 June	1,219,787	1,172,913

<i>Movements in options on issue</i>	2022 \$	2021 \$	2022 No.	2021 No.
At 1 July	1,171,384	796,644	35,000,000	-
Movements during the period:				
Options issued as part of placement	-	-	410,000,000	-
Options issued to directors	-	276,540	-	30,000,000
Options issued for acquisition of assets	-	98,200	-	5,000,000
At 30 June	1,171,384	1,171,384	445,000,000	35,000,000

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

33

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

NOTE 7: SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Fair value loss on shares issued to lead manager	149,750	-
Options issued to directors	-	276,540
Performance rights issued to consultant ⁽ⁱ⁾	46,874	1,529
	<u>196,624</u>	<u>278,069</u>

(i) Performance Rights Granted During the Year

On 31 May 2021, a total of 7,500,000 Performance Rights were issued to the Company's consultant. The Performance Rights were issued at nil cost and are subject to a vesting condition, as follows:

- (1) 2,500,000 Class A Performance Rights, to be issued subject to the terms of the employee incentive scheme and subject to the vesting on the date that the 15 Day VWAP of the Company's shares is equal to or in excess of \$0.10 per share and engaged with the Company as an eligible employee or contractor at the time of vesting.
- (2) 2,500,000 Class B Performance Rights, to be issued subject to the terms of the employee incentive scheme and subject to the vesting on the date that the 15 Day VWAP of the Company's shares is equal to or in excess of \$0.15 per share and engaged with the Company as an eligible employee or contractor at the time of vesting.
- (3) 2,500,000 Class C Performance Rights, to be issued subject to the terms of the employee incentive scheme and subject to the vesting on the date that the 15 Day VWAP of the Company's shares is equal to or in excess of \$0.20 per share and engaged with the Company as an eligible employee or contractor at the time of vesting.

The assessed fair value of the performance rights was determined using a Trinomial Barrier option pricing model, taking into account the term of performance rights, the share price at grant date, expected price volatility of the underlying share, expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate of the term of the option.

The fair value of the performance rights is recognised over the vesting period of the options, as follows:

	Class A Performance Rights	Class B Performance Rights	Class C Performance Rights
Number	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000
Grant date	31 May 2021	31 May 2021	31 May 2021
Expiry date	30 June 2024	30 June 2024	30 June 2024
Value per Right	\$0.0202	\$0.0201	\$0.0177
Total Value	\$50,500	\$50,250	\$44,250
Charge in current period	<u>\$16,325</u>	<u>\$16,244</u>	<u>\$14,305</u>

NOTE 8: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Cash at hand and in bank	4,515,336	686,415
	<u>4,515,336</u>	<u>686,415</u>

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates on daily bank deposit rates.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

34

Reconciliation of loss for the year to net cash flows from operating activities

	2022	2021
Loss after tax for the period	(1,925,704)	(909,186)
Adjustments for:		
(Gain) / loss on revaluation of financial assets	(12,000)	(207,375)
Share based payment expenses	196,624	278,069
Exploration expenses paid through shares issued (refer to Note 19)	330,000	-
Write-off exploration expenditure	673,526	59,177
Loss on sale of Financial Assets	13,003	-
Decrease / (increase) in trade receivables and other receivables	15,417	86,808
(Decrease) / increase in trade and other payables	(99,522)	(55,709)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	<u>(808,656)</u>	<u>(748,216)</u>

Non-cash financing and investing activities

Sale of tenements (refer to Note 10)	<u>272,000</u>	<u>-</u>
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NOTE 9: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Goods and services tax receivables	31,960	73,623
Prepayments	26,246	-
Balance at 30 June	<u>58,206</u>	<u>73,623</u>

NOTE 10: DEFERRED EXPLORATION EXPENDITURE

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Expenditure brought forward	2,798,092	575,250
Acquisition of tenements paid through shares issued	-	592,000
Acquisition of tenements paid through options issued	-	98,200
Cash consideration on acquisition of tenements	-	50,000
Expenditure incurred during year	378,170	1,541,819
Sale of tenements received in shares	(272,000)	-
Sale of tenements received in cash	(12,500)	-
Write-off exploration expenditure	(673,526)	(59,177)
Expenditure carried forward	<u>2,218,236</u>	<u>2,798,092</u>

The recoupment of cost carried forward in relation to the above area of interest in the exploration phase is dependent on the successful development and commercial exploitation or sale of the respective area.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

35

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

NOTE 11: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CURRENT)

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Trade payables ¹	10,792	110,814
Accrued expenses	23,500	23,000
Balance at 30 June	34,292	133,814

¹ Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 60-day terms.

NOTE 12: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Financial assets		
Receivables	58,206	73,623
Financial assets	284,000	296,250
Cash and cash equivalents	4,515,336	686,415
Balance at end of year	4,857,542	1,056,288
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables	34,292	133,814
Balance at end of year	34,292	133,814

The following table details the expected maturities for the Company's non-derivative financial assets. These have been drawn up based on undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets including interest that will be earned on those assets except where the Company anticipates that the cash flow will occur in a different period.

	Weighted average effective interest rate	Less than 1 month	1 – 3 Months	3 months – 1 year	1 – 5 years	5+ years
	%	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2022						
Non-interest bearing	-	342,206	-	-	-	-
Variable interest rate instruments	0.290	4,515,336	-	-	-	-
Fixed interest rate instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
		4,857,542	-	-	-	-
2021						
Non-interest bearing	-	369,873	-	-	-	-
Variable interest rate instruments	0.410	686,415	-	-	-	-
Fixed interest rate instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
		1,056,288	-	-	-	-

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

NOTE 12: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity/s for its non-derivative financial liabilities. These are based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Less than 1 month \$	1 – 3 Months \$	3 months – 1 year \$	1 – 5 years \$	5+ years \$
2022						
Non-interest bearing	-	34,292	-	-	-	-
Variable interest rate instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fixed interest rate instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
		<u>34,292</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
2021						
Non-interest bearing	-	133,814	-	-	-	-
Variable interest rate instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fixed interest rate instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
		<u>133,814</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value because of their short-term maturity. The carrying amount of the financial assets, and financial liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis approximates their fair value.

Financial risk management objectives and policies:

The Company has exposure to the following risks from their use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Interest rate risk
- Market risk
- Capital risk

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, their objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the management of capital. The Board has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise cash and short-term deposits and equity investments. The main purpose of the financial instruments is to earn the maximum amount of interest at a low risk to the Company. The Company also has other financial instruments such as trade debtors and creditors which arise directly from its operations. For the year under review, it has been the Company's policy not to trade in financial instruments, other than available-for-sale financial assets in the form of listed shares.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022**NOTE 12: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)****(a) Credit risk management**

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counter-party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Company only transacts with entities that are rated the equivalent of investment grade and above. An example is that the Company only dealt with the NAB for Term Deposits during the year. This information is supplied by independent rating agencies where available and, if not available, the Company uses publicly available financial information and its own trading record to rate its major customers and suppliers. The Company's exposure and the credit ratings of its counter-parties are continuously monitored. Credit exposure is controlled by counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved by the Board annually.

The Company does not have any significant credit risk exposure to the NAB. The credit risk on liquid funds and Term Deposits is reduced because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies. The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, net of any allowance for losses, represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral obtained.

(b) Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, who have built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Company's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and banking facilities and by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. The Company did not have any undrawn facilities at its disposal as at balance date.

(c) Interest rate risk management

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk as the Company deposits the bulk of the Company's cash reserves in Short Term Deposits with the NAB or other acceptable Australian Banking entities. The risk is managed by the Company by maintaining an appropriate mix between short term deposits and at call deposits. The Company's exposure to interest rate on financial assets is detailed in the interest rate risk sensitivity analysis section of this note.

Interest rate risk sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses have been determined based on the Company's cash and cash equivalent exposure to interest rates. A 100 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk. The Company's sensitivity to interest rates may decrease during the current period depending on the use of the cash reserves of the Company. The effect on loss and equity as a result of change in the interest rate, with all other variables remaining constant would be immaterial.

(d) Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The Company has no material exposure to foreign currency fluctuations.

(e) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The Company is exposed to movements in market interest rates on short term deposits. The Company does not have short or long term debt, and therefore the risk is minimal. The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by only investing in liquid securities and only with counterparties that have acceptable credit ratings. The Company's sensitivity to equity prices has increased during the year as result of changes in fair value of equity investments. A 100 basis point change in fair value would result in a immaterial change in fair value.

The Company may be exposed to currency risk on international investments and purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the respective currencies of the Company. There has been no change to the Company's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk from the previous period.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

NOTE 12: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(f) Capital Risk Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it may continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. Due to the nature of the Company's planned activities, being mineral exploration, it does not have ready access to credit facilities and therefore is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements, with the primary source of Company funding being equity raisings. Accordingly, the objective of the Company's capital risk management is to balance the current working capital position against the requirements to meet exploration programmes and corporate overheads. This is achieved by maintaining appropriate liquidity to meet anticipated operating requirements, with a view to initiating appropriate capital raisings as required.

NOTE 13: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

Tenement Related Commitments and Contingencies

In order to maintain rights of tenure of its Australian located mineral tenements, the Company is required to outlay certain amounts in respect of rent and minimum expenditure requirements set by the Western Australian State Government Mines Department. The Company's commitments to meet this minimum level of expenditure are approximately \$1,122,171 (2021: \$750,500) annually.

	2022	2021
Commitments for exploration expenditure on Western Australian Projects	\$	\$
Not longer than 1 year	145,057	157,500
Longer than 1 year and less than 2 years	196,057	102,000
Longer than 2 year and less than 5 years	781,057	461,000
	1,122,171	720,500

NOTE 14: EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE DATE

There has been no matter or circumstance that has arisen after balance date that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial periods.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

39

NOTE 15: DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES DISCLOSURES

(a) Details of Directors and Executives

The following persons were directors and executives of eMetals Limited during the financial year:

- Mathew Walker Executive Director
- Gary Lyons Non-executive Chairman
- Teck Wong Non-executive Director

Directors and executives remuneration has been included in the Remuneration Report section of the Directors' Report.

(b) Key Management Personnel Compensation

Refer to the remuneration report contained in the director's report for details of the remuneration paid or payable to each member of the Group's key management personnel (KMP) for the year ended 30 June 2022.

The totals of remuneration paid to KMP of the Company during the year are as follows:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	164,000	164,000
Post-employment benefits	4,440	4,440
Bonuses	-	80,000
Share-based payments	-	276,540
Total KMP compensation	168,440	524,980

NOTE 16: RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Company has an agreement with Cicero Group Pty Ltd (CGC), a company related to Mr Walker, for corporate administration services including financial reporting, company secretarial services, rent and administrative operations. The charges for these services is \$6,000 per month (exc. GST). Charges are at commercial terms in accordance with the agreement entered into on 1 September 2012.

NOTE 17: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The auditor of eMetals Limited is HLB Mann Judd.

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Amounts received or due and receivable by HLB Mann Judd for:		
Audit or review of the financial statements	33,675	30,637
Total	33,675	30,637

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

40

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

NOTE 18: FINANCIAL ASSETS

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Listed Shares	284,000	296,250
Total	284,000	296,250

This balance represents the company's shareholding of 4,000,000 shares in Scorpion Minerals Limited (ASX: SCN). During the year, the Company fully sold their shareholding in Noronex Limited (ASX: NRX).

The Company's financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss at the end of the reporting period based on Level 1 inputs in the fair value hierarchy.

NOTE 19: ACQUISITION OF ASSETS

(i) On 4 February 2021, the Company announced that it has entered into an agreement to acquire 100% of the fully paid ordinary shares in the capital of SOC Resources Pty Ltd (**SOC**), the legal and beneficial holder of three (3) granted exploration licences and one (1) exploration licence application, each located in Western Australia.

In consideration for the acquisition the Company has agreed to issue the Vendor:

- 5,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares in the capital of the Company; and
- 5,000,000 options to acquire fully paid ordinary shares in the capital of the Company, exercisable at \$0.05 on or before 31 December 2022.

The acquisition of SOC was determined as an asset acquisition, rather than a business combination since SOC does not carry on a business.

(ii) On 5 February 2021, the Company announced that it has issued 9,800,000 fully paid ordinary shares pursuant to the Binding Term Sheet to acquire 100% of the issued capital of Iron Clad Prospecting Pty Ltd (**ICP**), the 100% legal and beneficial holder of 2 granted exploration licences (E09/2302 (Pyramid Hill) and E09/2358 (Nardoo West)) located in the Gascoyne region of Western Australia in the vicinity of the Company's Nardoo Rare Metals Project.

The acquisition of ICP was determined as an asset acquisition, rather than a business combination since ICP does not carry on a business.

(iii) On 13 January 2022, the Company announced that it has issued 15,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares pursuant to the Binding Heads of Agreement to acquire 100% of the issued capital of Salmon Gums Minerals Pty Ltd (ACN 651 315 258) (**Salmon Gums**). Salmon Gums holds two highly prospective tenement applications (ELA2126 and ELA2127) in the Albany Fraser Range Province of Western Australia. On 15 March 2022, these applications were granted (E63/2126 and E63/2127).

The acquisition of Salmon Gums was determined as an asset acquisition, rather than a business combination since Salmon Gums does not carry on a business.

NOTE 20: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company has no contingent liabilities outstanding at the end of the year.

NOTE 21: SUBSIDIARIES

The consolidated financial statements include the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries:

Entity	Incorporation	2022 Ownership	2021 Ownership
RWG Minerals Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
SOC Resources Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Iron Clad Prospecting Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	100%
Salmon Gums Minerals Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	0%

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

41

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

NOTE 22: PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION

The accounting policies of the parent entity, which have been applied in determining the financial information shown below, are the same as those applied in the consolidated financial statements. Refer to Note 1 for a summary of the significant accounting policies relating to the Group.

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Assets		
Current assets	4,857,542	1,056,288
Non-current assets	2,218,236	2,798,092
Total assets	<u>7,075,778</u>	<u>3,854,380</u>
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	34,292	133,814
Total liabilities	<u>34,292</u>	<u>133,814</u>
Equity		
Issued capital	20,036,905	14,837,155
Reserves	1,219,787	1,172,913
Accumulated losses	(14,215,206)	(12,289,502)
Total equity	<u>7,041,486</u>	<u>3,720,566</u>

NOTE 23: SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group has adopted AASB 8 "Operating Segments" which requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Group that are reviewed by the chief operating decision maker (considered to be Board of Directors) in order to allocate resources to the segment and assess its performance. The chief operating decision maker of the Group reviews internal reports prepared as consolidated financial statements and strategic decisions of the Group are determined upon analysis of these internal reports. During the period, the Group operated predominantly in one segment being the mineral exploration sector in Western Australia. Accordingly, under the "management approach" outlined above only one operating segment has been identified and no further disclosure is required in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

1. In the opinion of the directors of eMetals Limited ('the Group'):
 - a. the financial statements and notes of the Group are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including:
 - i. giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and the Company's performance for the year then ended; and
 - ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - b. there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
 - c. The financial statements and note thereto are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.
2. This declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the directors in accordance with Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

This declaration is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.



Mr Gary Lyons
Non-Executive Chairman

Perth, Western Australia; Dated this 16th day of September 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of eMetals Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of eMetals Limited ("the Company") and its controlled entities ("the Group"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

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Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
<p>Carrying value of exploration expenditure Refer to Note 10</p>	<p>Our procedures included but were not limited to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We obtained an understanding of the key processes associated with management’s review of the carrying values of each area of interest; • We considered management’s assessment of potential indicators of impairment; • We obtained evidence that the Group has current rights to tenure of its areas of interest; • We discussed with management the nature of planned ongoing activities; • We enquired with management, reviewed ASX announcements and reviewed minutes of Directors’ meetings to ensure that the Group had not resolved to discontinue exploration and evaluation at any of its areas of interest; and • We examined the disclosures made in the financial report.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor’s Report Thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group’s annual report for the year ended 30 June 2022 but does not include the financial report and our auditor’s report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on the Remuneration Report*Opinion on the Remuneration Report*

We have audited the Remuneration Report included within the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2022.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of eMetals Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.



HLB Mann Judd
Chartered Accountants

Perth, Western Australia
16 September 2022



N G Neill
Partner

ADDITIONAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

A. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

A statement disclosing the extent to which the Group has followed the best practice recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the period is contained in the Corporate Governance Statement which is available on the Company website.

B. SHAREHOLDING

1. Substantial Shareholders

TIRUMI PTY LTD <TIRUMI SUPER FUND A/C>	91,600,000	10.78%
CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	86,318,472	10.13%
ZERO NOMINEES PTY LTD	53,100,000	6.25%
GREAT SOUTHERN FLOUR MILLS PTY LTD	50,000,000	5.88%

2. Number of holders in each class of equity securities and the voting rights attached (as at 14 September 2022)

Ordinary Shares

There are 1,015 holders of ordinary shares. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote per share held.

In accordance with the Company's Constitution, on a show of hands every number present in person or by proxy or attorney or duly authorized representative has one vote. On a poll every member present in person or by proxy or attorney or duly authorized representative has one vote for every fully paid ordinary share held.

Options (unlisted)

Unlisted Options (\$0.05 – 31/12/2022 expiry) 35,000,000

Options (listed)

Listed Options (\$0.03 – 30/09/2025 expiry) 410,000,000

3. Distribution schedule of the number of holders in each class of equity security as at 14 September 2022.

a) Fully Paid Ordinary Shares

Holding Ranges	Holders	Total Units	% Issued Share Capital
above 0 up to and including 1,000	26	4,524	0.00%
above 1,000 up to and including 5,000	47	199,296	0.02%
above 5,000 up to and including 10,000	33	290,195	0.03%
above 10,000 up to and including 100,000	491	25,184,221	2.96%
above 100,000	418	824,321,764	96.98%
Totals	1,015	850,000,000	100.00%

b) Unquoted securities (Unlisted Options)

Holding Ranges	Holders	Total Units	% Unquoted Securities
above 0 up to and including 1,000	-	-	-
above 1,000 up to and including 5,000	-	-	-
above 5,000 up to and including 10,000	-	-	-
above 10,000 up to and including 100,000	-	-	-
above 100,000	13	35,000,000	100.00%
Totals	13	35,000,000	100.00%

c) Quoted securities (Listed Options)

Holding Ranges	Holders	Total Units	% Unquoted Securities
above 0 up to and including 1,000	-	-	-
above 1,000 up to and including 5,000	-	-	-
above 5,000 up to and including 10,000	-	-	-
above 10,000 up to and including 100,000	3	206,043	0.05%
above 100,000	90	409,793,957	99.95%
Totals	93	410,000,000	100.00%

4. Marketable Parcel

There are 4,548,591 (290) shareholders with less than a marketable parcel (basis price \$0.015).

5. Twenty largest holders of each class of quoted equity security.

The names of the twenty largest holders of each class of quoted equity security, the number of equity security each holds and the percentage of capital each holds (as at 15 September 2022) is as follows:

a) Ordinary shares top 20 holders and percentage held

Position	Holder Name	Holding	% IC
1	TIRUMI PTY LTD <TIRUMI SUPER FUND A/C>	91,600,000	10.78%
2	CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	86,318,472	10.16%
3	ZERO NOMINEES PTY LTD	53,100,000	6.25%
4	GREAT SOUTHERN FLOUR MILLS PTY LTD	50,000,000	5.88%
5	REDScope ENTERPRISES PTY LTD	37,500,000	4.41%
6	GWR GROUP LIMITED	30,788,460	3.62%
7	MR ROGER BLAKE & MRS ERICA LYNETTE BLAKE <THE MANDY SUPER FUND A/C>	30,000,000	3.53%
8	CICERO INTERNATIONAL PTE LTD	25,000,000	2.94%
9	TURNQUEST INVESTMENTS LIMITED	16,769,649	1.97%
10	BT GLOBAL HOLDINGS PTY LTD <BT UNIT A/C>	14,302,030	1.68%
11	STATION NOMINEES PTY LTD <STATION SUPER FUND A/C>	12,500,000	1.47%
12	JOTOME SUPER PTY LTD <JOTOME SUPER FUND A/C>	12,420,000	1.46%
13	MONEX BOOM SECURITIES (HK) LTD <CLIENTS ACCOUNT>	12,294,282	1.45%
14	CAPITAL INVESTMENT PARTNERS PTY LTD	8,000,000	0.94%
15	FRY SUPER PTY LTD <INXS SUPER FUND A/C>	7,200,000	0.85%
16	FLUE HOLDINGS PTY LTD	7,000,000	0.82%
16	SUNSET CAPITAL MANAGEMENT PTY LTD <SUNSET SUPERFUND A/C>	7,000,000	0.82%
17	MR JACKRIT TONTHOW	6,960,000	0.82%
18	MR PAUL SIMON DONGRAY <THE DONGRAY FAMILY NO 2 A/C>	6,861,617	0.81%
19	MR GARY LYONS & MS TATJANA CUSMANO <LYONS SUPER FUND A/C>	6,164,114	0.73%
20	MERCHE INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	6,000,000	0.71%
	Total	527,778,624	62.09%
	Total issued capital - selected security class(es)	850,000,000	100.00%

ADDITIONAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

49

b) Options (Listed) top 20 holders and percentage held

Position	Holder Name	Holding	% IC
1	"TIRUMI PTY LTD	83,900,000	20.46%
2	<TIRUMI SUPER FUND A/C>"	35,600,000	8.68%
3	ZERO NOMINEES PTY LTD	28,400,000	6.93%
4	GOLDEN STATE CAPITAL	25,000,000	6.10%
4	CICERO INTERNATIONAL PTE LTD	25,000,000	6.10%
5	"MR ROGER BLAKE &	12,200,000	2.98%
6	MRS ERICA LYNETTE BLAKE	9,920,000	2.42%
7	<THE MANDY SUPER FUND A/C>"	9,750,000	2.38%
8	"BT GLOBAL HOLDINGS PTY LTD	8,000,000	1.95%
8	<BT UNIT A/C>"	8,000,000	1.95%
8	"JOTOME SUPER PTY LTD	8,000,000	1.95%
8	<JOTOME SUPER FUND A/C>"	8,000,000	1.95%
8	TURNQUEST INVESTMENTS LIMITED	8,000,000	1.95%
8	"SUNSET CAPITAL MANAGEMENT PTY LTD	8,000,000	1.95%
8	<SUNSET SUPERFUND A/C>"	8,000,000	1.95%
9	"STATION NOMINEES PTY LTD	6,600,000	1.61%
10	<STATION SUPER FUND A/C>"	5,100,000	1.24%
11	CAPITAL INVESTMENT PARTNERS PTY LTD	4,800,000	1.17%
12	RIMOYNE PTY LTD	4,000,000	0.98%
12	"OCEAN VIEW WA PTY LTD	4,000,000	0.98%
12	<DANIEL WISE SUPERFUND A/C>"	4,000,000	0.98%
12	"MACARONIS PTY LTD	4,000,000	0.98%
12	<PINK LADY A/C>"	4,000,000	0.98%
12	FLUE HOLDINGS PTY LTD	4,000,000	0.98%
12	"SABRELINE PTY LTD	4,000,000	0.98%
12	<JPR INVESTMENT A/C>"	4,000,000	0.98%
13	"NINETY THREE PTY LTD	3,200,000	0.78%
14	<ONE MILE S/F A/C>"	3,025,000	0.74%
15	"JKR SUPER PTY LTD	3,000,000	0.73%
15	<JPR SUPER FUND A/C>"	3,000,000	0.73%
15	YALGOO IRON ORE LTD	3,000,000	0.73%
16	ERIC JACQUES STEPHANE JEAN-LOUIS ROSENAL ANDREW THOMAS ROBINSON	2,400,000	0.59%
16	SEAWARD HOLDINGS PTY LTD	2,400,000	0.59%
16	"UPSKY EQUITY PTY LTD	2,400,000	0.59%
17	<UPSKY INVESTMENT A/C>"	2,000,000	0.49%
17	MARK WILLIAM POLLARD	2,000,000	0.49%
17	"NATHAN BERNARD LINNEY &	2,000,000	0.49%
17	KASEY LYN LINNEY	2,000,000	0.49%
17	<THE LINNEY FAMILY A/C>"	2,000,000	0.49%
17	"BNP PARIBAS NOMS PTY LTD	2,000,000	0.49%
17	<DRP>"	2,000,000	0.49%
17	SABRE POWER SYSTEMS PTY LTD	2,000,000	0.49%
17	JOARCH JAGIA INVESTMENTS PTY LTD	2,000,000	0.49%
18	COMSEC NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	1,500,000	0.37%
18	WILDING RESOURCES PTY LTD	1,500,000	0.37%

Position	Holder Name	Holding	% IC
19	"JALAVAR PTY LTD	1,325,000	0.32%
20	<FALCON PENSION A/C>"	1,200,000	0.29%
20	"BUNNING NOMINEES PTY LTD	1,200,000	0.29%
	Total	381,420,000	93.03%
	Total issued capital - selected security class(es)	410,000,000	100.00%

6. Company Secretary

The name of the company secretary is Sonu Cheema.

7. Address and telephone details of the entity's registered administrative office and principle place of business:

Suite 9, 330 Churchill Avenue
 SUBIACO WA 6008
 Telephone: (08) 6489 1600
 Fax: (08) 6489 1601

8. Address and telephone details of the office at which a registry of securities is kept:

Automic
 Level 5
 191 St Georges Terrace
 Perth WA 6000
 Telephone: 1300 288 664

9. Stock exchange on which the Group's securities are quoted:

The Group's listed equity securities are quoted on the Australian Securities Exchange.

10. Restricted Securities

The Group has no restricted securities.

11. Review of Operations

A review of operations is contained in the Directors' Report.

12. Tenement Schedule

Tenement	Status	Project	Interest (%)	Current Area	Grant Date	Application Date	Expiry Date
E09/2114	LIVE	NARDOO WELL	100	25	28/08/2015	8/08/2014	27/08/2025
E09/2156	LIVE	YINNETHARRA	100	35	6/02/2017	23/10/2015	5/02/2027
E09/2302	LIVE	PYRAMID HILL	100	34	13/03/2019	6/03/2018	12/03/2024
E09/2358	LIVE	NARDOO WEST	100	35	18/05/2020	31/07/2019	17/05/2025
E09/2463	LIVE	LYONS	100	28	6/07/2021	21/10/2020	5/07/2026
E09/2464	LIVE	LYNDON	100	69	8/07/2021	21/10/2020	7/07/2026
E09/2472	LIVE	LYONS	100	40	29/07/2021	18/11/2020	28/07/2026
E20/0976	LIVE	MEKA	100	19	2/08/2021	26/10/2020	1/08/2026
E29/0950	LIVE	TWIN HILLS	100	10	23/09/2015	26/02/2015	22/09/2025
E29/1163	LIVE	TWIN HILLS	100	7	1/07/2022	21/10/2021	30/06/2027
E29/1164	LIVE	TWIN HILLS	100	5	1/07/2022	21/10/2021	30/06/2027
E63/2049	LIVE	SALMON GUMS	100	26	21/09/2020	6/07/2020	20/09/2025
E63/2066	LIVE	SALMON GUMS	100	31	10/12/2020	26/10/2020	9/12/2025
E63/2126	LIVE	SALMON GUMS	100	41	15/03/2022	24/06/2021	14/03/2027
E63/2127	LIVE	SALMON GUMS	100	121	15/03/2022	24/06/2021	14/03/2027
E70/5654	LIVE	KENT	100	9	23/12/2020	5/11/2020	22/12/2025